

# Royal Baking Powder

Avoid All Substitutes

## HILLSTROM EXECUTED

(Continued from Page 1)

Salt Lake, Nov. 19.—Last night Hillstrom told his friends, prison officials and newspaper men who called on him, that he would say nothing more before he died.

"The general public has a pretty good idea of my case," he said, as he faced his "death watch" yesterday afternoon without a tremor. "There is no more to be said. I don't want a pardon. I want a fair trial. If I don't get it, I will die."

**His Own Religion.** "I will not see a minister. There are many religions. I have worked out my own religion, and I have peace from it. That is all I need, and I couldn't be helped any by seeing a minister, for I am satisfied."

During his last day on earth Hillstrom showed the same calm assurance that has characterized him from the time he was arrested. Some of the braggadocio, perhaps, has left him, and he talked more quietly. In fact, at times his conversation was almost inaudible. He was nervous, as he stood at the door of his cell, his thin hands running up and down the white steel bars. But he always showed more or less of a nervous tension, and under the circumstances, really showed little sign of the strain he must have been under.

"This is my busy day," he remarked to a prison guard who sat yesterday afternoon on the death watch, which was established soon after noon. His remark was elicited by the number of callers he received, the sheriff, who is charged with the execution arrangements by law, newspaper men and three of his friends, members of the Industrial Workers of the World, whom he had sent for.

To all he protested his innocence, declaring he could clear himself if he was given a new trial. Never a word would he utter about the bullet wound which spelled his undoing more than anything else.

"It is nobody's business where I got that wound. I will not explain how I got it, because that would be getting down on my knees and begging for my life, and I am not that kind," he said.

**Marks Discovered.** Yesterday afternoon, shortly after the condemned man had been told that the governor had refused to intervene again, Hillstrom asked for his "black suit." This was a suit which he had worn during the trial and which he had on when he was taken to the state prison after being convicted.

It was the second time Hillstrom had asked for this suit. On the day he was to have been executed originally, October 1 last, Hillstrom asked for the suit, saying that he wanted to wear it to his death. Shortly after he made the request at that time word came of the governor's reprieve, granted at the request of President Wilson.

So the suit was left in the prison storeroom, under lock and key. When Hillstrom again asked for the suit yesterday, Deputy Warden A. C. Ure went to the storeroom and took it out. Following the usual custom, he examined it thoroughly before taking it in to Hillstrom.

Burning one of the sleeves inside out, he was started. There, before his eyes on the lining of the sleeve was written in ink the word "Morrison." Under it were written two letters, figured out to be "T. W."

**Prisoner Questioned.** Mr. Ure went to Hillstrom's cell to inquire about the matter. "Joe, where did you get that suit?" he asked.

"At Gardner & Adams," replied Hillstrom.

"Did you buy it yourself?" "No, it was brought to me while I was in the county jail before the trial."

"Was it a new suit?" "Yes."

"Never taken to the cleaner's?" "No; why?"

"Joe, there was something written on those clothes," said Mr. Ure.

"What was it?" asked Hillstrom. "I can't tell you," parried the deputy warden.

"It was," replied Mr. Ure. "Oh, that was put there by some cheap deputy at the county jail," answered Hillstrom. "I noticed it when they brought me the suit and asked them about it."

Later in the afternoon Hillstrom was asked about the marks in the clothes by a reporter. Examination had disclosed the fact that there were also the same identification marks, the name of Morrison, on the inside of the vest and on the waistband of the trousers. The "T. W." was particularly plain on the waistband of the trousers.

**Deputy Is Blamed.** "Yes, I saw the writing on the suit in several places. I didn't notice just how many places," commented Hillstrom to the reporter. "It was done in the county jail by some deputy sheriff who didn't have anything better to do."

"How was it written?" asked the reporter. "With a blue pencil," answered Hillstrom. He had not been told that the writing, with the exception of the initial mark in the coat sleeve, had been written in indelible ink.

The suit and the mysterious writing were shown to Mrs. J. G. Morrison, widow of the murdered man, later in the afternoon by Sheriff John C. Corless. She declared that her husband once had a suit of that kind.

An effort was made to identify the markings at several local cleaning establishments. While none of them could identify the marks, they all declared that the "T. W." was evidently an inspector's mark. They explained that inspectors marked the goods so that they could be identified later.

The "T. W." mark, they believed was put on the suit for that purpose. Frequently, they said, the name of the man who owned the goods was put upon it before they were sent through the cleaning process.

**Suit Too Large.** The late J. G. Morrison was a large man. It developed that the suit was large enough for him to have worn, and was several sizes too large for Hillstrom. Deputy Warden Ure tried the coat on, and it fit him perfectly. He weighed 230 pounds, while Hillstrom, though six feet tall, only weighed 146 pounds.

The suit, it was learned on further investigation, had been sent to the county jail from the Eselius home in Murray, where Hillstrom lived previous to the murder and his subsequent arrest. It went to the county jail with other small effects on the condemned man.

Members of the firm of Gardner & Adams conducted a thorough examination of the matter when informed of the case by Sheriff Corless. They said that Morrison had been a customer of the firm.

The suit was identified as being of lot No. 396, manufactured by the Branded-Kincaid company of Utica, N. Y. The suit had come to the firm of Gardner & Adams in December, 1910, or in February, 1911, through a consolidation of the firms of J. P. Gardner & Co. and Richardson & Adams.

A lot of goods had been brought to the new firm, Gardner & Adams, from the J. P. Gardner & Co. store in December, 1910. No more goods, then, were brought to the new establishment until February, 1911, when another lot was brought in. The left-over goods were placed on sale shortly after that time. This suit is of blue serge and would have been sold at \$20.

**Disbelief Is Expressed.** Members of the firm expressed disbelief in the story that the suit could have been purchased for Hillstrom while he was in the county jail. Hillstrom did not write any farewell letters. When he was asked about it yesterday afternoon he said: "No, I have not written any letters. It would get too monotonous saying good-bye all the time. I did send a few telegrams to my friends, but that is all."

Soren X Christensen, counsel for the condemned man, called at the prison and spent half an hour with Hillstrom yesterday afternoon, in the presence of the death watch. Hillstrom had expressed some doubt

as to whether his condemnations of the trial proceedings had ever been published. Getting permission from the prison authorities, his attorney showed him newspaper files, which satisfied him that what he had wanted to come out had been printed. Curiously, it was probably the first time since his arrest that he had ever seen his name in print, despite the volumes of publicity his sensational case had received.

Mr. Christensen said good-bye to his client and left. He did not plan to attend the execution.

Later a committee of three from the I. W. W. local, comprising the members of the "defense committee" which has had in hand the I. W. W. interests in the case, called. They had been summoned by Hillstrom. They had a long talk with Hillstrom, who thanked them for their work and again repeated his stand in the matter. He told them to say good-bye to the boys for him. On the committee were Ed. Rohan, Fred Ritter and George Child.

**Telegrams Farewells.** By his attorney, Hillstrom sent down to the telegraph office his last messages to his friends, written during the afternoon by the condemned man in a firm hand with pencil.

One of the telegrams to William D. Haywood, noted I. W. W. leader, Hillstrom made his only request. The telegram read:

"William D. Haywood, 164 West Washington St., Chicago, Ill.—It is a hundred miles from here to Wyoming. Could you arrange to have my body hauled to the state line to be buried? Don't want to be found dead in Utah."

**"JOE HILL."** Another farewell message was also sent to Haywood at the same address. It said:

"Good-bye, Bill. I will die like a true-blue rebel. Don't waste any time in mourning—organize."

**"JOE HILL."** Another telegram was sent to Elizabeth Gurley Flynn of New York, who interceded for him before President Wilson in Washington a few days ago. It read:

"Will Die Like a Rebel. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, 511 134th St., New York City—Composed new song last week with music dedicated to the dove of peace. It's coming. And now, good-bye, Gurley, dear. I have lived like a rebel and I shall die like a rebel."

A message was also directed to the San Francisco I. W. W. local, which said:

"Frisco Local, 3245 Seventeenth St., San Francisco, Cal.—Good-bye, fellow workers. Forget me and march on to emancipation."

The only message received yesterday afternoon by Hillstrom was one from friends in Minneapolis. It read:

"Joe Hillstrom, State Prison, Salt Lake City, Utah—We, the members of No. 400, A. W. O., decide you shall die of old age. Four thousand will stand back of you to a fair you-will."

**"JAMES ROHN."** To this telegram Hillstrom replied: "James Rohn, I. W. W. Hall, Cedar Avenue, Minneapolis, Minn."

"Wire received. I will die a rebel. Composed new song last week. Dedicated to the dove of peace. It's coming your way. My best to everybody."

**"JOE HILL."** During the afternoon Hillstrom expressed the desire to drink some grape juice. But, he added, he wanted it to be bought by his friends and not be paid for by state prison money.

**Drinks Grape Juice.** An officer of the prison went down town and purchased a quart bottle of grape juice, using his own personal funds, though he didn't tell Hillstrom. The grape juice was taken in to the man, who drank it with apparent relish.

Hillstrom passed the early night hours quietly. He said he felt well, though he added that he did not have much vitality.

Thumping his chest, he said, "Bone." He was thin and, from long confinement, had the "prison pallor."

**SAVE** from 15 to 20 per cent on Smoke Stacks, Gutters, Furnaces and all kinds of roof repairing, by calling on Newman & Co., 2327 Hudson Avenue. Phone 347.—Advertisement.

**MAN SHOT IN NECK DIES IN HOSPITAL**

Tooele, Nov. 18.—Oscar Peterson died at the Tooele General hospital this morning about 8 o'clock from a bullet wound in the neck inflicted by William Johnson, 21 years of age. Wednesday afternoon Johnson maintains that he fired in self-defense, as Peterson advanced toward him with a pitchfork.

Johnson, after the affair, summoned medical aid, and reported to officers at Ophir. He accompanied the sheriff to Tooele where he was placed in the county jail.

No complaint has yet been filed, and it will probably be several days before a charge will be made pending thorough investigation by the county officers.

**Real Estate Transfers**

The following real estate transfers have been placed on file in the county recorder's office:

The Federal Land & Mortgage company to Mrs. Maud Francum, lot 19, block 3, plat A, Washington Heights, Ogden survey. Consideration, \$1.

Walter C. Lindsay and wife to David C. Lindsay, a part of the northeast quarter of section 34, township 7 north, range 1 east, Salt Lake meridian. Consideration, \$1.

Parley Ferrell to Rebecca Cannady, lots 1 and 2, block 8, Brooklyn addition, Ogden survey. Consideration, \$250.

**BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES**

My health will not permit me to continue in business. I am offering my entire business for sale. A good business chance for a good live man. I shall meanwhile reduce my stock at greatly reduced prices.

FRED MASSA, 2464 Washington Ave. —Advertisement.

**HER WAY.** Lawyer—You say you told the cook to get out of the house the minute you found it was on fire, and she refused to go?

Mrs. Burns—Yes, she said she must have a month's notice before she'd leave.—National Food Magazine.

## HINDUS PUT TO DEATH IN INDIA

People of Northern Part of India Remain Loyal to Great Britain.

London, Nov. 18, 5:30 p. m.—In northern India, where concerted attempts have been made by members of the anti-British association, having its headquarters in the United States, to disturb the peace of the country, to tamper with the troops and to upset the government, the active loyalty of the people of the province was shown by the resistance they voluntarily offered and by the aid they gave the civil powers, was in part the answer of J. Austen Chamberlain, secretary for India, to a request made in the house of commons today by Sir Edwin Cornwall for information concerning unfavorable reports were of enemy country origin.

"As regards the general condition of India," Mr. Chamberlain added, "my information is that it substantially is satisfactory. Such difficulties as have arisen had their origin in movements outside of India, or in an effort of a small group of extremists who do not reflect the sentiment of the great mass of the people and of whom many are fugitives from justice. The government of India has the situation well in hand."

Washington, Nov. 18.—Mail advices reaching Washington today from India told of the execution of 24 Hindus and the sentence of 27 others to servitude for life by a governmental commission at Lahore and described activities against the British government among certain elements in the Indian population more extensive than has been officially admitted.

According to the reports the Lahore affair was only one of several others that recently have been brought to an issue in India with similar results, all the prosecutions being based upon charges of anarchy, mutiny and insubordination. The native press, while speaking of the loyalty with which India responded to the call by the British government upon the natives for military service, also was referred to in terms of condemnation of activities in the disaffected elements in the population, which in some quarters are ascribed to German machinations.

The general tendency, however, is to credit the mutinous agitation to the work of a band of conspirators alleged to have been located on the Pacific slope of America for several years and actively engaged in secret propaganda. These conspirators are declared to have dispatched emissaries to India who have been stirring antagonism to the British rule there.

The most disquieting feature of the situation, according to the reports, is the uncertainty of the extent to which the native troops have been tampered with. In the Punjab and in Bengal, between the middle of June and the middle of September, seventeen Indian cavalrymen were sentenced to death for mutiny, making bombs and cutting telegraph wires, and 71 others were convicted of similar offenses.

**POLL TAX**

All poll tax for 1915 should be paid at once. Delinquents will be sued without further notice. Pay at Treasurer's Office, City Hall, or at the residence of A. G. Harris, Poll Tax Collector, 2342 Adams, Phone 235-W.—Advertisement.

**PRESENT TARIFF IS A FAILURE**

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France, made two addresses here today. At a luncheon at the Hamilton club he told members of that Republican organization that the Progressives were back in the fold. At a banquet of the Chicago Industrial club tonight he pressed the tariff as a great present problem.

"We are living at a moment of transient industrial prosperity based on the abnormal conditions of wartime," said Mr. Herrick. "But the haunting remembrance of conditions as they existed for months before the war and the certain knowledge that as they were then they will be again here the coming of peace unless steps are taken in prevention, make the tariff a question of paramount importance to us now."

"The increase in revenue which is apparently necessary if our new defense measures are to be rightly financed, the fact that the beet and cane sugar industry of our country is facing ruin when the reduction of the sugar tariff takes full effect, the desirability of retaining the dye-making business which is being developed or can be developed in this country—these are other important reasons which should demand immediate action."

"Men of all parties are free to admit that the present tariff measure has failed to accomplish what was hoped from it, not only as a protective measure but also as a means of raising revenue. And, most important of all, it leads directly to repetition of the disaster of 1893, from which we have been saved thus far only by the indirect results of the war."

**HELEN KELLER ASKS PRESIDENT TO ACT**

Boston, Mass., Nov. 18.—Miss Helen Keller, who yesterday sent telegrams to President Wilson and Governor Spry of Utah, asking a stay of execution for Hillstrom, received the following telegram from the president tonight:

"I was very much affected by your telegram and wish most sincerely it was in my power to do something but unhappily there is nothing I can do. The matter lies entirely beyond my jurisdiction and power. I have been deeply interested in the case, but am balked of all opportunity."

**A husband is bought for the daughter of a wall street financial magnate in "Bought," at the Isis today.**

## UNCERTAINTY AS TO DARDANELLES

General Munro Is Said to Have Advised Retreat of Allies.

London, Nov. 18, 9:40 p. m.—The attitude of the entente allies toward Greece, from which country they are endeavoring to get a definite guarantee for the safety of the French, British and Serbian troops and the whole military policy in the Near East, including the Dardanelles, will, it is expected, be made clear before the end of the present week.

The council at Paris, in which British and French cabinet ministers took part, came to important decisions and Earl Kitchener, looking over the ground both in Gallipoli and the Balkans, is to report on the best means of dealing with the situation arising out of the Austro-German and Bulgarian successes in Serbia and Greece's leaning toward the central powers.

**Advices Withdrawal.** It transpired today during the course of the debate in the house of lords that General Sir Charles Munro, the recently-appointed commander-in-chief in the Dardanelles, has already given his opinion as to what should be the future policy with regard to the Gallipoli campaign and Lord Ribblesdale, who introduced the subject, said he understood that the report of the general favored withdrawal. The Marquis of Lansdowne replied that the report and the evidence accompanying it was not considered sufficient to enable the government to come to a conclusion.

**Reports Successful Attack.** The statement had hardly been made when the war office issued an account of a successful British attack on the Turkish trenches on either side of the Krithia Nullah, which led to the belief that Lord Kitchener, who is on the peninsula and who went out after General Munro's report had been received, had decided to persist in the operations.

Andrew Bonar Law, the colonial secretary, assured the house of commons that the decision would be left to the military experts and the question of the loss of prestige would have no weight.

**Will Tolerate No Delay.** As to Greece, it is reported in dispatches from Rome, that immediate action will be taken, and no delay will be tolerated. It is said that Italy will take an important part in the forthcoming developments. The action will naturally depend upon the attitude which King Constantine and his ministers assume toward the entente powers.

**Crisis in Serbia.** Meanwhile, the situation in Serbia grows more serious. The Austro-German armies, with the Bulgarians on their left, are pushing southward, driving the smaller Serbian forces before them, while in the south the Bulgarians, reinforced by men and guns from Von Gallwitz' army, from which town they are said to be only a few hours' march.

There is some uncertainty as to the Serbians' line of retreat. Some dispatches say they are falling back on Monastir, where there are British reinforcements, others that they are retreating on Ochrida, on the southern Albanian frontier.

**CHICAGO BABY'S PECULIAR DEATH**

Will Receive Attention of a Jury of Physicians After Post Mortems.

Chicago, Nov. 18.—Science will determine tomorrow whether the death of "Baby Bollinger" was justifiable. Six of the most widely known of the medical and surgical men of the country, forming Coroner Peter Hoffman's jury, will complete the inquest begun today. They will decide whether science can uphold the stand taken by Dr. H. J. Haiselden in his refusal to perform the operation which, he says, would have saved the baby's life.

They have been asked to add in their report whether Baby Bollinger would have lived if the physician had operated. They will probably make recommendations also in regard to the general question of when to be taken hereafter in the cases of children born hopelessly defective.

The six men selected for the famous jury held a second autopsy in the hospital operating room. They went over the points that had been covered in the secret post mortem held the night before at the instigation of Coroner Hoffman. They heard the complete report of the coroner's physician, who made the first autopsy.

**Are Noted Physicians.** The six men were Dr. Ludwig Hektoen, professor of pathology in the Rush Medical college and the University of Chicago; Dr. Henry F. Lewis, professor of obstetrics in the Cook county hospital; Dr. D. A. K. Steele, dean of the Physicians and Surgeons college at the University of Illinois; Dr. Howard Chislett, dean of the Hahnemann college; Dr. Arthur Rankin, professor of anatomy at Loyola university, and Dr. J. F. Golden, who took the place of Dr. John B. Murphy who could not serve.

According to Coroner Hoffman, the chief point he wants to confirm is whether the baby would have lived if the operation to open the large intestine to allow food to pass through the body had been performed. If so, then, according to some of the legal rights with which the coroner has been conferring, Dr. Haiselden would be liable for malpractice. Holding up of the death certificate by Dr. Robertson would follow.

When the physicians emerged from their private conference after the second post mortem, they declared they had entered a compact to say nothing about the preliminary determination in the case.

However, Dr. Reinhardt admitted that the first post mortem had shown more defects than had been presupposed and that the second had divulged two other serious conditions.

"The baby is not so deformed as I had thought," said Coroner Hoffman



## The Doctor's Advice

by Dr. Lewis Baker

The questions answered below are general in character, the symptoms apply in any case of similar nature. Those wishing further advice, may address Dr. Lewis Baker, College Bldg., College-Elliott Bldg., Dartmouth College, Hanover, N. H., enclosing self-addressed, stamped envelope for reply. Full name, address and occupation must be given, but only initials or fictitious name will be used in answers. The prescription can be filled at any well-stocked drug store. Any druggist can order of wholesaler.

restore your energy and overcome weariness and make you a man again. Three grain cadomene tablets are most effective and highly recommended. Start using them now, and in short time you should feel fine and better than you ever did.

"Mary G." asks: "How may I increase my weight? I am very bony and thin looking. I eat plenty but it does not seem to nourish my system."

Answer: The most satisfactory and healthful treatment, to increase your weight, you will find in the use of three grain hypo-nutrient tablets.

"Worried" writes: "I have constant headache and backache, my feet swell and very tired all the time, my eyes look puffed and appear yellow. My urine is very little and of bad odor. The blood seems to be turning to water. I am quite worried."

Answer: You have a bad case of kidney trouble and you should be very careful. Don't work too hard and avoid taking cold. If you will begin at once taking balmwort tablets, you will get a most immediate relief, and continue treatment should greatly relieve your condition.

"Mrs. W. I. T." writes: "You help a cousin of mine when she had diarrhoea. I think now my blood is impure and I want a good blood medicine. I am very much constipated."

Answer: If your blood is impure you would know from some of these symptoms: constipation, headache, coated tongue, sallow complexion, breaking out of the skin, tired feeling and possibly indigestion, some fever. Take three grain sulphur tablets, (not sulphur), they are splendid to clean the system and the blood right.—Advertisement.

for the hire of that taxi."

**GRATEFUL PAPA.** Miss Curley kept a private school, and one morning was interviewing a new pupil.

"What does your father do for his living?" the teacher asked the little girl.

"Please, ma'am," was the prompt reply, "he doesn't live with us. My mamma supports me."

"Well, then," asked the teacher, "how does your mother earn her living?"

"Why," replied the little girl, in an artless manner, "she gets paid for staying away from father."

**HIS AMBITION.** Moth—Your papa, dear, is a taster. He samples the different kinds of tea.

Bobbie—When I grow up, mamma, I'm going to be a candy sampler.

## HOW A KING TAKES THE HURDLES



King Alfonso.

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